



The controller HTM1U is an interior device intended for sensing, and possible correction, of environment temperature and relative humidity of air without aggressive admixtures. Its design is based on the older version HTM1 and differs with the backlight display (version HTM1UL) with added configuration USB interface. Using the buttons or the superior system, it is possible to set the correction or required values of temperature and relative humidity, select up to three out of 48 available modes. The superior system can also indicate information about the status or mode using pre-selected symbols.

The device is equipped with one universal DI and one universal DO with PWM option.

The electronic system of the controller consists of two parts. The display part with controls is located at the printed circuit inside the cover and the main part with terminal boards is located in the box that is inserted in the installation box. Both parts are connected with a flat conductor and the connection can be dismantled. The temperature and humidity sensor are located in the metal housing on the front device cover. As the sensor is open, it is necessary to protect it from impurities, enormous dust or direct water spraying!

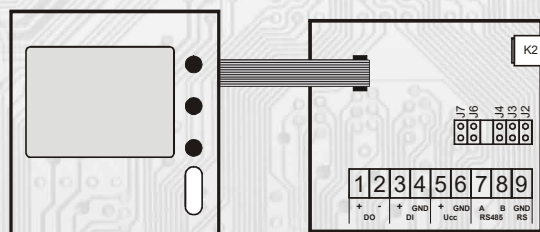
The communication with superior system is led in the line RS485 by the protocol Modbus RTU and the device always operates in the "slave" mode. The common chemically non-aggressive environment suits working conditions under which the sensors require no maintenance or service. The device configuration is made with sensor connection, using the standard USB cable, to PC with Windows system using the freeware application USB_SET.

The controller can be configured without access menu, for example for hotels, schools, etc.

The device can also be supplied in a version with galvanic isolation of the RS485 line - versions HTM1UG and HTM1ULG.

Rev.: 00 (FW: Reg_HTM1U_L151_b005 and more)

Layout of connecting terminals and connectors (fig. 1)



K2...connector USB mini B

J2...definition of still stand (conductor A)

J3... definition of still stand (conductor B)

J4...terminal resistor 120R

J6...device configuration

J7... reset

Terminal 1 positive pole output of supply voltage for DO

Terminal 2 DO - digit. output of open – drain type

(the load is connected between terminals 1,2)

Terminal 3 DI - digit. input (it gets activated by connection

of terminals, by external voltage of these terminals)

Terminal 4 DI - GND

Terminal 5, 6... supply

Terminal 7 to 9... RS485 with galvanic separation

Positive terminal of supply (5) and positive terminal DO (1) are

galvanically connected.

Negative terminal of supply (6) and negative terminal DI (4) are

galvanically connected.

Technical parameters

Supply voltage	12 ÷ 30 VDC
Current consumption	Max. 25 mA (without charged output OUT)
Temperature/humidity resolution	0.1°C / 0.1 %RH
Max. error of temperature measurement	± 0.5°C (20 ÷ 40°C), ± 1°C (0 ÷ 60°C)
Max. error of relative humidity measurement (+25°C)	± 3 % (20 ÷ 80 %RH)
Type of used sensor T+RH	SHT21 (fig. 3)
Range of working temperature and humidity	Max. 40°C / 0 - 90 %RH without condensation, see: Working conditions of sensor SHT21 (fig.3)
Recommended calibration interval	2 year
Settling time	30 min.
OLED lifetime (brightness decrease up to 50%)	min. 10 000h (25°C)
Range of recommended storage temp. / RH	10 ÷ 50 °C / 20 ÷ 60 %RH
DO (digital output)	Active, open-drain type, max 300mA, max. 20kHz
Voltage level of output OUT	Hi ≈ Ucc - 0,8V, Lo ≈ 0V
DI (digital input)	Active – activated by terminals connection 8,9 = 1 Passive - >7V = 0 <3V = 1
Galvanic separation of DI and DO	no
Communication	RS485, protocol ModBus RTU, 8 bits 1 stop bit, no parity
Max. number of sensors in the line	254 (R in > 96kΩ)
Baud rate	1200 ÷ 57600 Bd
Galvanic separation RS485	HTM1U, HTM1UL: no HTM1UG, HTM1ULG: yes, < 50V
Configuration and upgrade program	USB SET; freeware; www.regmet.cz
Protection level	IP40 (according to 60529)
Type of terminal board	CPP (conductors max. 1 mm ²)

1.1 Properties of communication protocol:

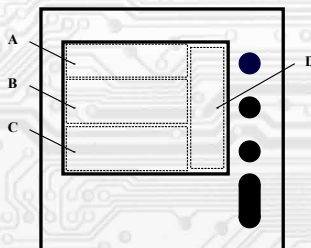
Protocol Modbus RTU with adjustable Baud rate 1200 - 57600 Bd, 8 bits, no parity, 1 stop bit, line RS485, half-duplex operation.

Supported features: 03 (0x03): Read Holding Registers
04 (0x04): Read Input Registers
06 (0x06): Write Single Register
16 (0x10): Write Multiple Registers

The communication protocol description is available at www.regmet.cz, in the document named the Implementation of Modbus protocol in devices Regmet of second generation.

1.2 Layout of initial display:

Following the controller switching on the display shows, for approx. 2s, the producer's logo, and later basic information on the device and finally the initial display:



Zone A: area for displaying up to 3 symbols indicating the mode, function status or other information from the control system.

Zone B: currently measured temperature.

Zone C: currently measured relative humidity.

Zone D: current feature assigned to individual buttons. They change with the mode in which the controller is currently found (initial state, menu listing...).

1.3 Control using the device keyboard:

By pressing the button **Menu** you enter a drop-down menu of the device and you can list it with buttons ▲ and ▼. Saving data into FLASH is done by pressing the button Save. When the buttons remains inactive for more than 10 seconds, it returns subsequently to the previous level up to the final leave of the menu.

Menu -

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Displej (Display) | ↵ Contrast setting of LCD |
| ▼ ▲ | |
| Teplota (Temperature) | ↵ Setting the correction or required temperature value (as per configuration) |
| ▼ ▲ | |
| Vlhkost (Humidity) | ↵ Setting of required humidity value |
| ▼ ▲ | |
| Mode | Mode X selection of mode using the relevant symbol (as per configuration) |
| ▼ ▲ | |
| Funkce (Function) ▲ | ↵ Inactive Save The middlebutton will be without fast select option |
| | Temperature Save The fast select for setting required temperature will be on the middle button |
| | Humidity Save The fast select for settingrequired humidity will be on the middlebutton |
| | Mode X Save The fast select for setting themode will be on the middlebutton |
| Funkc (Function) ▼ | ↵ Inactive Save The bottom button will be without fast select option |
| | Temperature Save The fast select for setting required temperature will be on the bottom button |
| | Humidity Save The fast select for settingrequired humidity will be on the bottom button |
| | Mode X Save The fast select for setting the mode will be on the bottom button |
| ▼ ▲ | |
| Sit. Info (Network information) | ↵ Information on current setting of the network address and Baud rate |
| ▼ ▲ | |
| device info | ↵ Information on HW and SW of the device |
| ▼ ▲ | |
| Konec (End) | ↵ Exit from the menu |

2.1 Description of registers of the device:

During the transfer the register addresses are indexed from zero, i.e. register 0x0001 is physically sent through the busbar as 0x0000... (zero based addressing).

The Holding registers will be mentioned in the description together with the function code field 4xxxx and the Input registers including 3xxxx. Thus the Holding register 40001 is physically sent through the busbar as register 0000 and the Input register 30001 as 0000.

Examples of communication are shown in Chapter 2.8.

1Modbus register = 2 Byte

The registers are divided in four basic memory zones:

Operational registers are situated in the zone of Holding registers at addresses 40001 to 40028. They are used for the common operational communication, registration in registers is unlimited and unprotected. The registration in FLASH will be made after recording 0xC001 (49153 dek) to 40029 – the Register Status. Provided the registration in FLASH is not done, the changes of operational registers made during the operation will not be saved for future starting. Some operational registers enable parallel manual access from the device menu and these changes are automatically saved in FLASH.

User registers are situated in the zone of Holding registers at addresses from 40030 to 40036. They are used for preservation of user setting of the device (for example LCD contrast). The registers are accessible due to the remote zeroing of user setting (for example in hotels). The registration in registers is unlimited and unprotected. The change of setting and at the same time the registration in FLASH is done only after writing 0xC002 (49154 dek) to 40029 – the Register Status. All user registers enable the parallel manual access from the device menu and these changes are automatically saved in FLASH.

The configuration registers are situated in the zone of Holding registers at addresses 40041 to 40140. They are used for configuration of the device. The registration in registers is protected and allowed under the configuration mode, i.e. when the jumper shorts out the link J6. In this mode the device communicates at dedicated address 255 of the Baud rate 19200 Bd. The configuration registers can be rewritten only using the communication protocol and under the above stated conditions. The change of setting and at the same time the registration in FLASH is done only after writing 0xC003 (49155 dek) to 40029 – the Register Status.

The information registers are situated in the zone of Input registers at addresses 30001 to 30032. They serve for unchanged preservation of device identification data.

The Status Register serves for two-way communication between the device and the superior system. The device notifies the superior system of the internal status and the superior system sends requests for performance of commands.

STATUS Information messages from the device to the superior system:

- Normal Run, 0x0000 (0 dek) the device works in normal operational mode
- Menu Active, 0xB000 (45056 dek) the user has opened the manual menu
- Memory Read, 0xB001 (45057 dek) the device is reading from FLASH
- Memory Write 0xB002 (45058 dek) the device is registering to FLASH

STATUS Error messages from the device to the superior system:

- CRC Error 0xBE00 (48640 dek) Application program is damaged in the FLASH memory
- LCD Error 0xBE01 (48641 dek) Error of communication with LCD
- Sensor Error 0xBE02 (48642 dek) Error of communication with the sensor
- Memory Error 0xBE03 (48643 dek) Error of communication with FLASH

STATUS Commands for the device issued from the superior system:

- Clear STATUS 0x0000 (0 dek) writes 0 to the register
- Write Area 1 0xC001 (49153 dek) it rewrites the Operational registers to FLASH
- Write Area 2 0xC002 (49154 dek) it rewrites the User registers to FLASH
- Write Area 3 0xC003 (49155 dek) it rewrites the Configuration registers to FLASH

In brackets behind the registers described, abbreviations of possible features may appear:

- R Read for reading
- W Write for writing
- WP Write protect for protected writing
- M Parallel manual access from the device menu

2.2 Description of operational registers:

Saving to FLASH is done just after writing 0xC001 (49153 dek) to 40029 – the Register Status.

				Modbus register [dek]
Measured temperature	Measured humidity	-	-	1 - 4
-	-	-	-	5 - 8
Required temperature	Required humidity	-	-	9 - 12
-	-	-	-	13 - 16
Required mode 1	Required mode 2	Required mode 3	-	17 - 20
Digital input (DI)	-	-	Digital output (DO)	21 - 24
Symbol at position 1	Symbol at position 2	Symbol at position 3	-	25 - 28

4001 (R) – Measured temperature:

is detected with an inbuilt digital sensor that is built into the front panel of the cover and connected to the circuit board through the connector via the flexible cord. The value from the sensor is displayed on OLED and at the same time it is accessible on line RS485.

It is sent in °C in form of 16-bit number with sign (signed integer) multiplied by the constant 10:
0x00FB = 251dek = 25.1°C.

40002 (R) – Measured relative humidity of air:

is sensed with built-in digital sensor that is built into the front panel of cover and connected to the circuit board through the connector via the flexible cord. The value from the sensor is displayed on OLED and at the same time it is accessible on line RS485.

It is sent in % in form of 16-bits number with sign (signed integer) multiplied by the constant 10: 0x0164 = 356dek = 35.6%.

40009 (R,W,M) – Required temperature:

or possible temperature correction. The limits of the range for setting by buttons are defined by configuration registers.

40053 – Required temperature, lower limit and 40054 – Required temperature, upper limit.

The value is in °C in form of 16-bits number with sign (signed integer) multiplied by the constant 10.

For example, when setting the configuration registers 40053 – Required temperature, lower limit at -50 and the register - Required temperature, upper limit at 50 will be the range of setting by keys +/- 5.0°C and the value will be shown as the required temperature correction.

When setting the configuration registers 40053 – Required temperature, lower limit for example at 100 and register 40054 – Required temperature, upper limit at 300 the range of setting by keys will be 10 - 30 °C and the value will be shown as the required temperature.

40010 (R,W,M) – Required value of relative humidity of air:

The limits of the range of setting by buttons are defined by configuration registers 40055 – Required humidity, lower limit and 40056 – Required humidity, upper limit.

The value is in % in form of 16-bit unsigned integer.

40017 (R,W,M) – Required mode 1:

The selection of required mode 1.

The number of modes is defined by the configuration register 40086 - Mode 1, counter.

The way of selection and mode indication depend also on the setting of configuration registers 40085 - Mode 1, bridge and 40093 + 40108 - Mode 1, symbol xx described in Chapter 2.5.

The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer.

For example, when it is set:

40085 – Mode 1, Bridge = 1 dek
40086 – Mode 1, counter = 2 dek
40093 – Mode 1, symbol 1 = 3 dek
40094 – Mode 1, symbol 2 = 1 dek,

with writing number 0 into reg. 40017, the first mode is selected and the symbol ☹ can be seen in the upper left corner of the LCD.

with the writing of the number 1 into the reg. 40017 the second mode is selected and the symbol ☀ can be seen in the upper left corner of the LCD.

40018 (R,W,M) – Required mode 2:

The selection of required mode 2.

The number of modes is defined by configuration register 40088 - Mode 2, counter.

The way of selection and mode indication depend also on the setting of configuration registers 40087 - Mode 2, bridge and 40109 + 40124 - Mode 2, symbol xx described in Chapter 2.5.

The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer.

40019 (R,W,M) - Required mode 3:

The selection of required mode 3.

The number of modes is defined by the configuration register 40090 - Mode 3, counter.

The way of selection and mode indication depend also on the setting of configuration registers 40089 - Mode 3, bridge a 40125 + 40140 - Mode 3, symbol xx described in Chapter 2.5.

The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer.

40021 (R) – Digital input:

It indicates the current state of DI. The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer, the range is 1 bit Lsb of register.

Terminals 9,10 disconnected = 0, Terminals 9,10 connected = 1.

40024 (R,W) – Digital output:

The current value of DO. The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer.

DO can be configured into two operational modes, as the two-status digital output or the proportional digital output. It depends on the setting of configuration registers 40051 – Digital output TOP and 40052 – Digital output PRESC, described in Chapter 2.5.

The two-status DO is controlled by values, disconnected = 0, connected = Digital output TOP + 1.

40025 (R,W, M) – depends on the setting of Mode x, bridge) – Symbol at position 1:

It defines what symbol will be displayed on OLED in zone A on the left. The symbols used are shown in Table 1.

The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer. For example, when the number 6 is set, the symbol of opened window is displayed as the information from the control system that the relevant sensor has detected the window opening.

Provided this position on OLED is occupied by linking to one of the modes (Mode x, bridge = 1), the symbol at this position cannot be changed on the line by rewriting these registers, but only by changing the mode.

40026 (R,W, M) - depends on the setting of Mode x, bridge) - Symbol at position 2:

It defines what symbol will be displayed in zone A, in the middle. The symbols used are shown in Table 1.

The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer.

Provided this position on OLED is occupied by linking to one of modes (Mode x, bridge = 1), the symbol at this position cannot be changed on the line by rewriting of this registers, but only by changing the mode.

40027 (R,W, M) - depends on the setting of Mode x, bridge) - Symbol at position 3:

It defines what symbol will be displayed in zone A, on the right. The symbols used are shown in Table 1.

The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer.

Provided this position on OLED is occupied by linking to one of modes (Mode x, bridge = 1), the symbol at this position cannot be changed on the line by rewriting of this registers, but only by changing the mode.

2.3 Description of the Status Register:

				Modbus register [dek]
Status Register				29

40029 (R,W) - Status Register:

It provides the superior system with information on the internal status of the device, for example the current error statuses or information that the manual setting menu is currently activated by the user. At the same time it serves as the receiving register for special commands, for example rewrite/backup of working registers to FLASH.

The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer.

See the detailed description in the Status Register in Chapter 2.1 Description of device registers.

2.4 Description of user registers:

It is done to FLASH after writing of 0xC002 (49154 dek) to 40029 – the Register Status.

				Modbus register
	Fast select UP	Fast select DOWN		29-32
	LCD contrast			33-36
			Bit_Field	37 – 40

40030 (R,W,M) – Fast select UP:

It defines the fast select of the middle button. The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer.

It can acquire 6 statuses:

10 dek = no fast select is chosen for the button

19 dek = the fast select of required temperature is chosen for the button, the symbol T is displayed at this button

20 dek = the fast select of required humidity is chosen for the button, the symbol H is displayed at this button

21 dek = the fast select of required mode 1 is chosen for the button, the symbol M1 is displayed at this button

22 dek = the fast select of required mode 2 is chosen for the button, the symbol M2 is displayed at this button

23 dek = the fast select of required mode 3 is chosen for the button, the symbol M3 is displayed at this button

40031 (R,W,M) – Fast select DOWN:

It defines the fast select of the lower button. The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer.

It can acquire 6 statuses:

10 dek = no fast select is chosen for the button

19 dek = the fast select of required temperature is chosen for the button, the symbol T is displayed at this button

20 dek = the fast select of required humidity is chosen for the button, the symbol H is displayed at this button

21 dek = the fast select of required mode 1 is chosen for the button, the symbol M1 is displayed at this button

22 dek = the fast select of required mode 2 is chosen for the button, the symbol M2 is displayed at this button

23 dek = the fast select of required mode 3 is chosen for the button, the symbol M3 is displayed at this button

40034 (R,W,M) - LCD contrast:

The setting of LCD contrast.

The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer, the range of setting in the line is 80 dek + 125 dek = 0 + 45% on the display.

40040 (R,W) - Bit_Field:

The field of bit variables.

bit 0: 0 = The menu is accessible from the device keyboard.

1 = The menu is not accessible from the device keyboard (for example for hotels, schools...)

2.5 Description of configuration registers:

The controller may only be configured if jumper J6 (authorisation of configuration values registration, setting of fixed address of controller 255 and setting of the Baud rate 19200 Bd) is inserted before the device is connected to power supply voltage (by the reset).

The saving in FLASH is done only after writing 0xC003 (49155 dek) to 40029 – the Register Status.

Text 1	Text 2	Text 3	Text 4	41 – 44
Text 5	Text 6	Text 7	Text 8	45 – 48
Network address	Baud rate	Digital output TOP	Digital output PRESC	49 – 52
Required temp. Lower limit	Required temp. Upper limit	Required humidity Lower limit	Required humidity Upper limit	53 – 56
				57 – 60
				61 – 64
				65 – 68
Required temp. Format	Required humidity Format			69 – 72
				73 – 76
Measured temp., Offset	Measured hum., Offset			77 – 80
				81 – 84
Mode 1, Bridge	Mode 1, counter	Mode 2, Bridge	Mode 2, counter	85 – 88
Mode 3, Bridge	Mode 3, counter			89 – 92
Mode 1, symbol 1	Mode 1, symbol 2	Mode 1, symbol 3	Mode 1, symbol 4	93 – 96
Mode 1, symbol 5	Mode 1, symbol 6	Mode 1, symbol 7	Mode 1, symbol 8	97 – 100
Mode 1, symbol 9	Mode 1, symbol 10	Mode 1, symbol 11	Mode 1, symbol 12	101 – 104
Mode 1, symbol 13	Mode 1, symbol 14	Mode 1, symbol 15	Mode 1, symbol 16	105 – 108
Mode 2, symbol 1	Mode 2, symbol 2	Mode 2, symbol 3	Mode 2, symbol 4	109 – 112
Mode 2, symbol 5	Mode 2, symbol 6	Mode 2, symbol 7	Mode 2, symbol 8	113 – 116
Mode 2, symbol 9	Mode 2, symbol 10	Mode 2, symbol 11	Mode 2, symbol 12	117 – 120
Mode 2, symbol 13	Mode 2, symbol 14	Mode 2, symbol 15	Mode 2, symbol 16	121 – 124
Mode 3, symbol 1	Mode 3, symbol 2	Mode 3, symbol 3	Mode 3, symbol 4	125 – 128
Mode 3, symbol 5	Mode 3, symbol 6	Mode 3, symbol 7	Mode 3, symbol 8	129 – 132
Mode 3, symbol 9	Mode 3, symbol 10	Mode 3, symbol 11	Mode 3, symbol 12	133 – 136
Mode 3, symbol 13	Mode 3, symbol 14	Mode 3, symbol 15	Mode 3, symbol 16	137 – 140

40041 ÷ 40048 (R,WP) - Text:

The custom text field. It is determined for the client's identification of the device. The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer. Two ASCII signs can be in one Modbus Register.

40049 (R,WP) – Network address:

The network address of the sensor. The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer. It acquires the values 0 ÷ 255 dek, whereas the address 0 is reserved for the broadcast and the sensor does not respond to it, the address 255 is reserved for the controller configuration. Thus the range of available addresses is 1 ÷ 254.

40050 (R,WP) – Baud rate:

The Baud rate. The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer. It acquires the values 0 ÷ 6 dek.

value [dek]	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
rate [Bd]	1200	2400	4800	9600	19200	38400	57600

40051 (R,WP) – Digital output TOP:

It defines the number of steps for one period (PWM resolution). The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer, the range is 1 ÷ 65535 dek, the value 0 is not correct and shall not be set.

For example, if you set set 99 dek, PWM will be generated in DO (by recording in register 40024 – Digital output) in 100 steps, i.e. directly in units (%). If 255 dek is set, 8bit PWM will be generated in DO...

As for the double-status output, if value 1 is set, then DO will be controlled by recording in register 40024 – Digital output: disconnected = 0, connected = 2 dek.

40052 (R,WP) – Digital output PRESC:

The pre-divisor of const. input frequency (2MHz) for the digital output. The number format is 16-bit unsigned integer.

It defines the duration of one step in the period. The basic unit is 0.5 µs and the multiplying ratio corresponds to the value of Digital output PRESC +1.

Thus, for example, for 40052 – Digital output PRESC = 1 is the basic step length multiplied by the value 2 = 1µs.

In order to define the period duration the time of one step shall be multiplied by the number of steps in the period (40051 – Digital output TOP).

For example, for 40051 – Digital output TOP = 100 and 40052 – Digital output PRESC = 199 the duration of one step is 0.5µs x (199+1) = 100µs, multiplied by the number of steps 100 = 0.01s = 100 Hz. The frequency of PWM signal is 100 Hz, i.e. the period duration of PWM signal is 10 ms.

40053 (R,WP) – Required temperature, lower limit:

Setting the lower limit of temperature correction setting by buttons.

The value is in form of °C in form of 16 bit number with a sign (signed integer) multiplied by the constant 10.

For example, with setting of this register at -50 and register 40054 – Required temperature, upper limit at 50 the range of setting by keys will be +/- 5,0°C and the value will be seen as the required temperature correction.

In case of setting of this register for example at 100 and register 40054 – Required temperature, upper limit at 300, the range of setting by keys will be 10 - 30,0 °C and the value will be seen as the required temperature.

40054 (R,WP) – Required temperature, upper limit:

Setting the upper limit of temperature correction using buttons.

The value is in °C in the form of 16 bit number with a sign (signed integer) multiplied by the constant 10.

40055 (R,WP) – Required humidity, lower limit:

Setting the lower limit of required humidity using buttons.

The value is in % in the form of 16 bit unsigned integer, the range is 0 ÷ 100 dek.

For example, with setting of this register at 20 and register 40056 – Required humidity, upper limit at 80 corresponds with the range set by the device keyboard at 20 ÷ 80%.

40056 (R,WP) – Required humidity, upper limit:

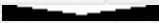



Setting the upper limit of required humidity using buttons.

The value is in % in the form of 16 bit unsigned integer, the range is 0 ÷ 100 dek.

40069 (R,WP) – Required temperature, format:

Displaying the description of the set value and bar graph in the screen of temperature setting (from the menu).

Bit 1 Bit 0 define the displayed bar graph:

0	0	no bar graph	
0	1	relative bar graph (two triangles connected by a closed angle in the middle)	
1	0	absolute bar graph (increasing triangle)	
1	1	constant bar graph (rectangle)	

Bit.10 defines the descriptive text:

0	temperature correction
1	required temperature

Thus, when it is written to register 40069:





1 dek = description: correction, temperature, bar graph:
(for setting relative required value)

1026 dek = description: required temperature, bar graph:
(for setting absolute required value)

40070 (R,WP) – Required humidity, format:

Displaying the description of the set value and bar graph in the screen of humidity setting (from the menu).

Bit 1 Bit 0 define the displayed bar graph:

0	0	no bar graph	
0	1	relative bar graph (two triangles connected by a closed angle in the middle)	
1	0	absolute bar graph (increasing triangle)	
1	1	constant bar graph (rectangle)	

Bit.10 defines the descriptive text:

0	humidity correction
1	required humidity

Thus when it is written in register 40070:

1 dek = description: correction, humidity, bar graph:
(for setting relative required value)

1026 dek = description: required humidity, bar graph:
(for setting absolute required value)

40077 (R,WP) – Measured temperature, Offset:

Setting the measured temperature offset.

The value is in °C in form of 16 bit number with a sign (signed integer) multiplied by the constant 10.

For example, when it seems that the device shows a value 1°C higher (for example due to the inappropriate location, heating caused by frequent communication with the loaded line...), value – 10 will be set in this register and the device will display and send the temperature value decreased by 1°C than the actually measured value is.

40078 (R,WP) – Measured humidity, Offset:

Setting the measured humidity offset.

The value is in % in form of 16 bit number with a sign (signed integer) multiplied by the constant 10.

40085 (R,WP) - Mode 1, Bridge:

The setting of connection of mode selection by buttons with LCD. The number format is 16 bit unsigned integer.

It can acquire only 4 statuses:

- 0 dek = Mode 1 is not linked to any position in LCD. The mode change is possible from the superior system through the line or in the device menu, when the mode change is shown only in the line by changing the value in register 40017 – Required mode 1 and only the superior system decides whether the chosen mode will be accepted and confirmed by displaying a suitable symbol in one of the free positions by registration in register 40025 ÷ 40027 – Symbol at position x
- 1 dek = The change of mode by buttons is shown in the line by the change of value in register 40017 – Required mode 1 and at the same time the relevant symbol (set in registers 40093 ÷ 40108 – Mode 1, symbol xx) is displayed in OLED in zone A on the left, the numeric value of this symbol is written in register 40025 - Symbol at position 1
- 2 dek = The change of mode by buttons is shown in the line by the change of value in register 40017 – Required mode 1 and at the same time the relevant symbol (set in registers 40093 ÷ 40108 – Mode 1, symbol xx) is displayed in OLED in zone A in the middle, the numeric value of this symbol is written in register 40026 - Symbol at position 2
- 3 dek = The change of mode by buttons is shown in the line by the change of value in register 40017 – Required mode 1 and at the same time the relevant symbol (set in registers 40093 ÷ 40108 – Mode 1, symbol xx) is displayed in OLED in zone A on the right, the numeric value of this symbol is written in register 40027 - Symbol at position 3

40086 (R,WP) - Mode 1, Counter:

It sets the number of modes. The number format is 16 bit unsigned integer, the range is 0 ÷ 16 dek.

For example, when number 6 is set, six modes will be switched; if 0 is set, mode 1 will not be accessible in the device menu at all.

40087 (R,WP) - Mode 2, Bridge:

It sets the interconnection of mode selection by buttons with OLED. The number format is 16 bit unsigned integer.

It can acquire only 4 statuses:

- 0 dek = Mode 2 is not linked to any position in OLED. The mode change is possible from the superior system through the line or in the device menu, when the mode change is shown only in the line by changing the value in register 40018 – Required mode 2 and only the superior system decides whether the chosen mode will be accepted and possible confirmed by displaying of suitable symbol in one of free positions by the registration in registers 40025 ÷ 40027 – Symbol at position x
- 1 dek = The change of mode by buttons is shown in the line by the change of value in register 40018 – Required mode 2 and at the same time the relevant symbol (set in registers 40109 ÷ 40124 – Mode 2, symbol xx) is displayed in OLED in zone A on the left, the numeric value of this symbol is written in register 40025 - Symbol at position 1
- 2 dek = The change of mode by buttons is shown in the line by the change of value in register 40018 – Required mode 2 and at the same time the relevant symbol (set in registers 40109 ÷ 40124 – Mode 2, symbol xx) is displayed in OLED in zone A in the middle, the numeric value of this symbol is written into the register 40026 - Symbol at position 2
- 3 dek = The change of mode by buttons is shown in the line by the change of value in register 40018 – Required mode 2 and at the same time the relevant symbol (set in registers 40109 ÷ 40124 – Mode 2, symbol xx) is displayed in OLED in zone A on the right, the numeric value of this symbol is written in register 40027 – Symbol at position 3

40088 (R,WP) - Mode 2, Counter:

It sets the number of modes. The number format is 16 bit unsigned integer, the range is 0 ÷ 16 dek.

For example, when the number 6 is set, six modes will be switched; if 0 is set, mode 2 will not be accessible in the device menu at all.

40089 (R,WP) - Mode 3, Bridge:

The setting of connection of mode selection by buttons with OLED. The number format is 16 bit unsigned integer.

It can acquire only 4 statuses:

- 0 dek = Mode 3 is not linked to any position in OLED. The mode change is possible from the superior system through the line or in the device menu, when the mode change is shown only in the line by changing the value in register 40019 – Required mode 3 and only the superior system decides whether the chosen mode will be accepted and confirmed by displaying a suitable symbol in one of the free positions by the registration in registers 40025 ÷ 40027 – Symbol at position x
- 1 dek = The change of mode by buttons is shown in the line by the change of value in register 40019 – Required mode and at the same time the relevant symbol (set in registers 40125 ÷ 40140 – Mode 3, symbol xx) is displayed in OLED in zone A on the left, the numeric value of this symbol is written in register 40025 - Symbol at position 1
- 2 dek = The change of mode by buttons is shown in the line by the change of value in register 40019 – Required mode and at the same time the relevant symbol (set in registers 40125 ÷ 40140 – Mode 3, symbol xx) is displayed in OLED in zone A in the middle, the numeric value of this symbol is written in register 40026 - Symbol at position 2
- 3 dek = The change of mode by buttons is shown in the line by the change of value in register 40019 – Required mode and at the same time the relevant symbol (set in registers 40125 ÷ 40140 – Mode 3, symbol xx) is displayed in OLED in zone A on the right, the numeric value of this symbol is written in register 40027 - Symbol at position 3

40090 (R,WP) - Mode 3, Counter:

It sets the number of modes. The number format is 16 bit unsigned integer, the range is 0 ÷ 16 dek.

For example, when the number 6 is set, six modes will be switched; if 0 is set, mode 3 will not be accessible in the device menu at all.

40093 ÷ 40108 (R,WP) - Mode 1, symbol 1 ÷ 16:

It sets the symbol of specific mode displaying. The number format is 16 bit unsigned integer. The summary of available symbols is in Table 1.

If 2 is set in 40086 – Mode 1, Counter, i.e. the switching among 3 modes is set, the numbers according to Table 1 shall be set in first 3 registers 40093, 40094, 40095 so that they correspond to the required displaying.

40109 ÷ 40124 (R,WP) - Mode 2, symbol 1 ÷ 16:

It sets the symbol of specific mode displaying. The number format is 16 bit unsigned integer. The summary of available symbols is in Table 1.

40125 ÷ 40140 (R,WP) - Mode 3, symbol 1 ÷ 16:

It sets the symbol of specific mode displaying. The number format is 16 bit unsigned integer. The summary of available symbols is in Table 1.

2.6 Description of information registers:

				Modbus register [dek]
HW Platform 1	HW Platform 2	HW Platform 3	HW Platform 4	1 -4
HW Platform 5	HW Platform 6	HW Platform 7	HW Platform 8	5-8
HW Version 1	HW Version 2	HW Version 3	HW Version 4	9-12
FW Boot Vers. 1	FW Boot Vers. 2	FW Boot Vers. 3	FW Boot Vers. 4	13-16
ID Device 1	ID Device 2	ID Device 3	ID Device 4	17 - 20
ID Device 5	ID Device 6	ID Device 7	ID Device 8	21 -24
FW Applic Vers. 1	FW Applic Vers. 2	FW Applic Vers. 3	FW Applic Vers. 4	25-28
0x0000	0x0000	0x0000	0x0000	29-32

Information on HW and SW of the device, commands 04 (Read Input Registers) are counted at the addresses 30001 to 30032 (including the function code field 3xxxx, i.e. register 30001 is sent through the bus bar as register 0000). The number format is 16 bit unsigned integer. One Modbus register contains two ASCII signs.

2.7 Example of mode configuration:


I need to use the mode 1 for switching of day and night mode, I need that the indication of selected mode is immediately shown on OLED upwards on the left by symbols and:

40085 - Mode 1, Bridge = 1 dek
40086 - Mode 1, Counter = 2 dek
40093 - Mode 1, symbol 1 = 3 dek
40094 - Mode 1, symbol 2 = 1 dek

I need to use mode 2 for switching of turns of fan coil ventilator in the range OFF - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - AUTOMATIC, I need that the indication of selected mode is immediately shown on OLED upwards in the middle by symbols



0 1 2 3 4 A

40087 - Mode 2, Bridge = 2 dek
40088 - Mode 2, Counter = 6 dek
40109 - Mode 2, symbol 1 = 33 dek
40110 - Mode 2, symbol 2 = 34 dek
40111 - Mode 2, symbol 3 = 35 dek
40112 - Mode 2, symbol 4 = 36 dek
40113 - Mode 2, symbol 5 = 37 dek
40114 - Mode 2, symbol 6 = 39 dek

I do not want to use mode 3 and I want to use the free position upwards in the right for the indication of switched heating on with the symbol  of written value 58dek into register 40027 - Symbol at position 3:

```
40089 - Mode 3, Bridge = 0 dek
40090 - Mode 3, Counter = 0 dek
40125 - Mode 3, symbol 1 = 0 dek
```

The example of special mode setting when mode 1 is not linked to any position in OLED and at the same time it is possible to change mode 1 from the device menu.

Menu → Mode → Mode 1 →  → 

and to send the information on this change through the line into the control system (this one decides whether to accept the change and to confirm it by indication of related symbol in some of free positions by writing in registers 40025 ÷ 40027 - Symbol at position x:

40085 - Mode 1, Bridge = 0 dek
40086 - Mode 1, Counter = 2 dek
40093 - Mode 1, symbol 1 = 3 dek
40094 - Mode 1, symbol 2 = 1 dek

2.8 Examples of communication:

Command 03 (0x03): Read Holding Registers:

Master:

02 03 00 00 02 Crc Crc
 | | | | |
 | | | | | L Number of read registers (2 registers)
 | | | | | L Address of initially read register (0x0001**)
 | | | | | L Command (Read Holding Registers)
 | | | | | L Address of device (device with address 2)

Slave:

02 03 04 00 FF 01 64 Crc Crc
 | | | | | | |
 | | | | | | | L Data from registers (0x00FF, 0x0164)
 | | | | | | | L Number of bytes (4)
 | | | | | | | L Command (Read Holding Registers)
 | | | | | | | L Address of device (device with address 2)

The address of initial register is 0x0001** which is the address of measured temperature register, the number of read registers is two. Thus: the measured temperature 0x00FF = 25,5° C, measured air relative humidity 0x0164 = 35,6% RH.

Command 16 (0x10) Write Multiple Registers:

Master:

FF 10 00 30 00 02 04 00 02 00 03 Crc Crc
 | | | | | | | | | |
 | | | | | | | | | | L Registered data 2. Regist. reg. (0x0003)
 | | | | | | | | | | L Registered data 1. Regist. reg. (0x0002)
 | | | | | | | | | | L Number of bytes (4)
 | | | | | | | | | | L Number of registered registers (2)
 | | | | | | | | | | L Address of first registered register (0x0031**)
 | | | | | | | | | | L Command (Write Multiple Registers)
 | | | | | | | | | | L Address of device (with inserted jumper J6 - address 255)

Slave:

FF 10 00 30 00 02 Crc Crc
 | | | | | | |
 | | | | | | | L Number of registered registers (2)
 | | | | | | | L Address of first registered register (0x0031**)
 | | | | | | | L Command (Write Multiple Registers)
 | | | | | | | L Address of device (with inserted jumper J6 - address 255)

With writing of the value 2dek in register 0x0031* (40049 – Network address) the network communication address 2 is set and with the writing of the value 3dek in register 0x0032** (40050 – Baud rate) the Baud rate 9 600 Bd is set.

Command 06 (0x06) Write Single Register:

Master:

FF 06 00 1C C0 03 Crc Crc
 | | | | |
 | | | | | L Registered data (0xC003 = 49155dek)
 | | | | | L Address of registered register (0x001D**)
 | | | | | L Command (Write Single Register)
 | | | | | L Address of device (with inserted jumper J6 - address 255)

Slave:

FF 06 00 1C C0 03 Crc Crc
 | | | | |
 | | | | | L Registered data (0xC003 = 49155dek)
 | | | | | L Address of registered register (0x001D**)
 | | | | | L Command (Write Single Register)
 | | | | | L Address of device (with inserted jumper J6 - address 255)

By writing the value 49155dek in register 0x001D** (40029 - Status Register), the configuration registers are saved in the flash memory of the device. If, for example, the communication address and rate pursuant to the previous example are changed through the network, then after this registration in the Status Register this change will be valid even after the device is reset or switched off.

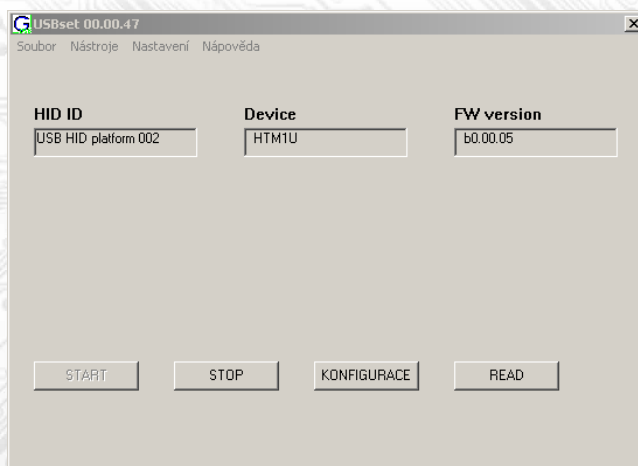
** During the transfer the addresses of registers are indexed from zero, i.e. register 0x0001 is physically sent through the bus bar as 0x0000... (zero based addressing).

3.1 Configuration of sensor using the USBset program:

The configuration application USBset is freely available at producer's web pages. The controlled can be configured only when the jumper J6 is inserted before the connection of supply voltage (reset).

The sensor is connected with PC using the cable of USB mini B type. With connected cable the USB communication has the priority over the line RS485.

After the launching of USBset program, the basic window is opened and the connected sensor is automatically connected with the hosting PC.



With clicking on the button "CONFIGURATION" the configuration window gets opened

HTM1U

Posuv měřené hodnoty
 Teplota [°C]: 0.0
 Vlhkost [%RH]: 0.0

Kontrast LCD
 Kontrast: 30

Textové pole
 HTM1

Sítové nastavení
 Adresa: 1
 Rychlost: 19200Bd

Teplota - konfigurační parametry
 Spodní limit [°C]: -5.0
 Horní limit [°C]: 5.0
 Žádaná [°C]: 0.0
☒ Korekce Teploty
☐ Žádaná Teplota
 BarGraf: Relativní

Vlhkost - konfigurační parametry
 Spodní limit [%RH]: 20
 Horní limit [%RH]: 80
 Žádaná [%RH]: 50
☐ Korekce Vlhkosti
☒ Žádaná Vlhkost
 BarGraf: Absolutní

Režim 1
 Propojení s LCD: LCD vlevo
 Počet stavů: 3
 Symbol 1: []
 Symbol 2: []
 Symbol 3: []
 Symbol 4: []
 Symbol 5: []
 Symbol 6: []
 Symbol 7: []
 Symbol 8: []
 Symbol 9: []
 Symbol 10: []
 Symbol 11: []
 Symbol 12: []
 Symbol 13: []
 Symbol 14: []
 Symbol 15: []
 Symbol 16: []

Režim 2
 Propojení s LCD: LCD nesvázáno
 Počet stavů: 0
 Symbol 1: []
 Symbol 2: []
 Symbol 3: []
 Symbol 4: []
 Symbol 5: []
 Symbol 6: []
 Symbol 7: []
 Symbol 8: []
 Symbol 9: []
 Symbol 10: []
 Symbol 11: []
 Symbol 12: []
 Symbol 13: []
 Symbol 14: []
 Symbol 15: []
 Symbol 16: []

Režim 3
 Propojení s LCD: LCD nesvázáno
 Počet stavů: 0
 Symbol 1: []
 Symbol 2: []
 Symbol 3: []
 Symbol 4: []
 Symbol 5: []
 Symbol 6: []
 Symbol 7: []
 Symbol 8: []
 Symbol 9: []
 Symbol 10: []
 Symbol 11: []
 Symbol 12: []
 Symbol 13: []
 Symbol 14: []
 Symbol 15: []
 Symbol 16: []

Povolení Menu
☐ Menu nepřístupné

Rychlá volba
 Prostřední tlačítko: Teplota (T)
 Spodní tlačítko: Režim 1 (M1)

Digitální výstup
☒ Dvojestavový
☐ PWM výstup
 Počet kroků: 2
 Frekvence [Hz]: --
 Perioda [ms]: --
 Nastavit

Otevřít Nastavení Uložit Nastavení Přednastavení
 Načíst HTM1U Zapsat HTM1U Cancel

With clicking on the button "Load HTM1U" the configuration values from the flash memory of sensor are read.

Description of configuration values (in parenthesis the relevant register for possible setting of controller using other software then USBset is stated – see Table 2):

Shift of measured value:

- **temperature (40077):** Setting of measured temperature offset.

For example, when it seems the device measures over by 1° C (for example due to the inappropriate location, own heating at often communication with loaded line...), the value – 1,0 is set and the device will display and send the temperature value lower by 1° C than the really measured value is.

- **humidity (40078):** Setting of measured humidity offset.

Contrast LCD (40034):

it serves for changing of contrast LCD in the range 0 ÷ 45

Text field (40041 ÷ 40048): intended for the client's identification of the controller (title, location...).

Network setting:

- **address (40049):** selection of network address in the range 1 ÷ 254 for the operation of sensor in the serial line.

- **bode rate (40050):** selection of Baud rate in the range 1200 ÷ 57600 Bd for the operation of sensor in the serial line.

Temperature – configuration parameters:

Lower limit (40053): setting of lower limit of setting for temperature correction by buttons.

For example, with setting of -5,0 and the upper limit of temperature correction set at 5,0 the range of setting by keys will be +/- 5,0° C and the value will be seen as the required temperature correction.

With setting of 10,0 and the upper limit of temperature correction set at 30,0 the range of setting by keys will be up to 30,0 °C and the value will be seen as the required temperature.

Upper limit (40054): setting of upper limit of setting for temperature correction by buttons.

Requested (40009): The required value of temperature correction. The limits of range for setting by buttons are limited Lower/Upper limit of temperature correction.

Temperature correction/Required temperature, Bar Graph (40069): The descriptive text at setting of temperature correction and the selection of bar graph type.

Humidity – configuration parameters:

Lower limit (40055): setting of lower limit of setting of required humidity by buttons.

For example with setting 20 and the upper limit of required air humidity at 80 the range of setting from the device keyboard will be 20 ÷ 80 %.

Upper limit (40056): setting of upper limit of setting of required humidity by buttons

Requested (40010): The required value of relative air humidity correction. The limits of the range for setting by buttons are limited by setting of lower/upper limit of required air humidity.

Correction of humidity/Required humidity, Bar Graph (40070): The descriptive text at setting of humidity correction and the selection of bar graph type.

Mode x:

Connected to LCD (40085, 40087, 40089): Setting of connection of mode selection by buttons with the symbol displaying for relevant mode at the specific position in LCD.

For example, with setting "LCD in the middle" the change of mode by buttons is shown in the line by the change of value in specific register and at the same time the relevant symbol (set below) will be displayed in LCD in the upper middle part.

With setting "With no position" the mode will not be linked to any position at LCD. The mode change is possible only from the superior system in the line or through the device menu where the mode change is shown only in the line by the change of value in specific register and the superior system decides whether it accepts the chosen mode and possibly confirms it by displaying of suitable symbol at some of free positions.

Number of statuses (40086, 40088, 40090): Setting of number of modes that will be available for switching. For example with setting of the number 6, it will be possible to switch among six modes, with setting of 0, the mode will not be available in the device menu at all.

Symbol x (40093÷40140): It sets the symbol of specific mode displaying.

For example, if we wish to use this mode for switching between the day and night mode, then we choose in "Symbol 1" the moon as the night mode symbol, and the symbol of sun in the "Symbol 2".

Permission of Menu:

Menu not accessible (40040): By checking it the menu is not accessible, for example for hotels, schools...

Fast select:

Middle button (40030): It defines the fast select for specific button.

Lower button (40031): It defines the fast select for specific button.

Permission of Menu:

Menu not accessible (40040): By checking it the menu is not accessible, for example for hotels, schools...

Fast select:

Middle button (40030): It defines the fast select for specific button.

Lower button (40031): It defines the fast select for specific button.

Digital output:

Two-state: The digital output will acquire only two states, on and off.

PWM output: PWM signal with resolution set in the field "Number of steps" and with the frequency set in the field "Frequency" will be generated in the digital output.

Number of steps (40051): The number of steps for 1 period. Setting of PWM resolution. The range of setting from 3 to 65536.

Frequency (40052): Setting of PWM signal frequency. The range of setting depends on setting of number of steps for 1 period, as the maximum allowed frequency of PWM is 20 kHz.

After setting of number of steps and PWM frequency it is necessary to click on the button Set (next to the Frequency). The maximum closest real value of frequency will be displayed in the window Frequency.

Period: The period of PWM signal calculated from the set PWM frequency.

After setting of required values and quantities the new configuration values are saved in the flash memory of the device by clicking on the button **"Write HTM1U"**.

The writing into the flash memory is conditioned by insertion of jumper J6 (authorisation for configuration values recording) before the clicking on the button **"Write"**.

By clicking on the button **"Cancel"** the configuration windows gets closed.

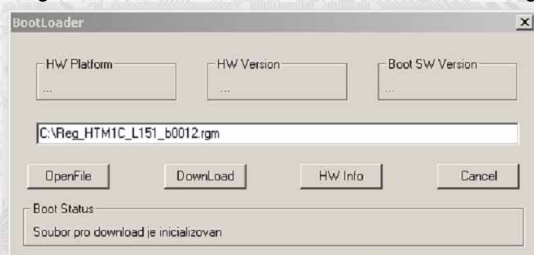
After USB cable disconnection the jumper J6 is pulled out and the device is ready for operation.

"Save setting" – it saves the configuration set in the configuration window as the file with suffix .rgc.

"Open setting" – it sets the values in the configuration window according to the chosen file.

3.2 Variation of the application part FW:

After the USBset program launching click on the Tools – BootLoader and the windows gets opened:



The work with application is conditioned by insertion of the jumper J6 (authorisation for configuration values recording).

Using the button "OpenFile" the new application FW is chosen and using the button "Download" the FW variation gets started, being automatically controlled by PC and the device.

For the maximum simplicity and safety every device has unambiguous identification of HW platform. This designation describes HW topology and also defines what application FW can be sued for the specific type of HW. This information can be read through the button "HW info".

The application FW are distributed in data format ".reg". In case of application variation the information on HW platform and HW version are always read after the connection of PC with the device. At the same time, the HW platforms descriptors and HW versions from the file ".reg" are read. Provided HW platform and HW version are not compatible, the FW variation cannot be done.

Provided the communication failure occurs during the application FW variation, for example due to the supply voltage drop, the application SW will not be functional. In such case the automatic launching of "bootload" process as well as the automatic reading of HW info will not work. The Bootloader in the device gets always activated after the reset, thus it is necessary to reset manually. Using the RESET jumper or the simple disconnection and subsequent connection of supply voltage.

Provided the automatic sequence of FW variation launching is damaged:

- switch off the device or connect the jumper at RESET pins
- launch the bootload process using the button "DownLoad"
- switch on the supply voltage or release the RESET jumper
- delay between the activation of button "DownLoad" and the switching on or by the RESET shall be shorter than 2s.

After the USB cable disconnection the jumper J6 is pulled out and the device reset is performed using the short shorting of RST jumper (J7).

The integrity check of content of memories:

The bootloader as well as the application are protected by control total sums. Provided the data integrity is broken, the content of FLASH memory MCU is damaged and the damaged program will not be launched.

Table of symbols (Table 1):

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	☀	☀	☾	☾	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	0	1	2	3
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
14	15	16	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
☐									

The table is extendable based on client's requirements.

Content of Modbus Registers (table 2):

Operational registers

The saving in FLASH is done only after writing of 9xC001 (49153 dek) to 40029 – Status Register.

Measured temperature	Measured humidity			Modbus register [dek]
				1 - 4
				5 - 8
				9 - 12
				13 - 16
Required temperature	Required humidity			17 - 20
				21 - 24
Required mode 1	Required mode 2	Required mode 3		25-28
Digital input (DI)			Digital output (DO)	
Symbol at position 1	Symbol at position 2	Symbol at position 3		

Status Register:

Status register				29
-----------------	--	--	--	----

Users registers

The saving in FLASH is done only after writing of 0xC002 (49154 dek) to 40029 – Status Register.

	Fast select UP	Fast select DOWN		29-32
	LCD contrast			33-36
			Bit Field	37-40

Configuration registers

The saving in FLASH is done only after writing of 0xC003 (49155 dek) to 40029 - Status Register.

Text 1	Text 2	Text 3	Text 4	41 - 44
Text 5	Text 6	Text 7	Text 8	45-48
Network address	Baud rate	Digital output TOP	Digital output PRESC	49-52
Required temp., lower limit	Required temp., upper limit	Required humidity, lower limit	Required humidity, upper limit	53-56
				57-60
				61 - 64
				65-68
Required temp., format				69-72
				73-76
Measured temp., Offset	Measured humidity, Offset			77-80
				81 - 84
Mode 1, Bridge	Mode 1, counter	Mode 2, Bridge	Mode 2, counter	85-88
Mode 3, Bridge	Mode 3, counter			89-92
Mode 1, symbol 1	Mode 1, symbol 2	Mode 1, symbol 3	Mode 1, symbol 4	93-96
Mode 1, symbol 5	Mode 1, symbol 6	Mode 1, symbol 7	Mode 1, symbol 8	97-100
Mode 1, symbol 9	Mode 1, symbol 10	Mode 1, symbol 11	Mode 1, symbol 12	101 - 104
Mode 1, symbol 13	Mode 1, symbol 14	Mode 1, symbol 15	Mode 1, symbol 16	105-108
Mode 2, symbol 1	Mode 2, symbol 2	Mode 2, symbol 3	Mode 2, symbol 4	109-112
Mode 2, symbol 5	Mode 2, symbol 6	Mode 2, symbol 7	Mode 2, symbol 8	113-116
Mode 2, symbol 9	Mode 2, symbol 10	Mode 2, symbol 11	Mode 2, symbol 12	117-120
Mode 2, symbol 13	Mode 2, symbol 14	Mode 2, symbol 15	Mode 2, symbol 16	121 - 124
Mode 3, symbol 1	Mode 3, symbol 2	Mode 3, symbol 3	Mode 3, symbol 4	125-128
Mode 3, symbol 5	Mode 3, symbol 6	Mode 3, symbol 7	Mode 3, symbol 8	129-132
Mode 3, symbol 9	Mode 3, symbol 10	Mode 3, symbol 11	Mode 3, symbol 12	133-136
Mode 3, symbol 13	Mode 3, symbol 14	Mode 3, symbol 15	Mode 3, symbol 16	137-140

Installation and connection:

The transmitter has to be fastened with the the help of a holder on the mounting bar DIN EN50022.

The signal terminals A and B on the transmitter are connected to the serial line as per the rules for connection of devices in RS485 serial lines (Fig. 2). The use of A, B, ZAK. jumpers is subject to general rules for communication through RS485 lines (note: at end points of the RS485 line, it is necessary to connect a terminating resistor through the ZAK. jumper). The transmitters are supplied from a single 12 to 30 VAC power supply, while the supply voltage is connected to the terminals marked by Ucc and GND (Fig. 2).

It is recommended to interconnect the devices using a multi-core shielded cable, which hosts data as well as power supply wires. The cable shield must be interconnected between individual segments of the line and only connected to the lowest potential (PE terminal) in the switchboard. First we set the upper mandrel of transmitter box holder on the upper bar edge and with the help of a screwdriver push out the lower arrestment mandrel lock. We pull the lower box part to the bar and then free the lock. The transmitter is fastened now. We connect the inputs, outputs and power supply into the respective clamps (see fig. 1 and 2). We recommend the connecting cable with the wires cross section 0,35...2 mm², for the active signals with the screening mantle.

Example of wiring the sensors in the system

